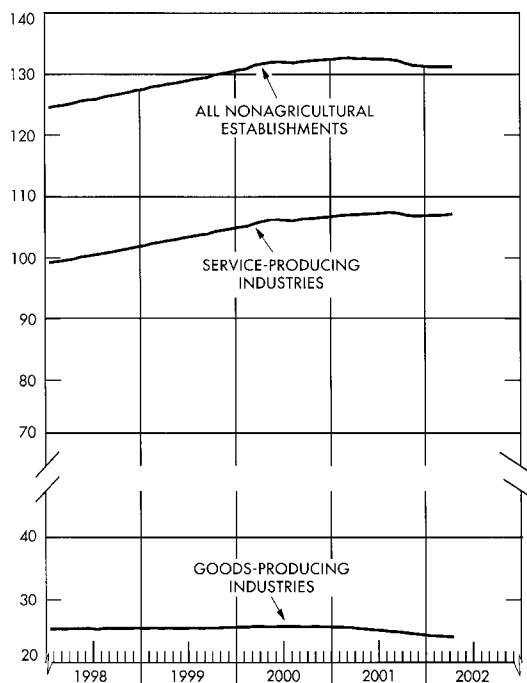


NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT

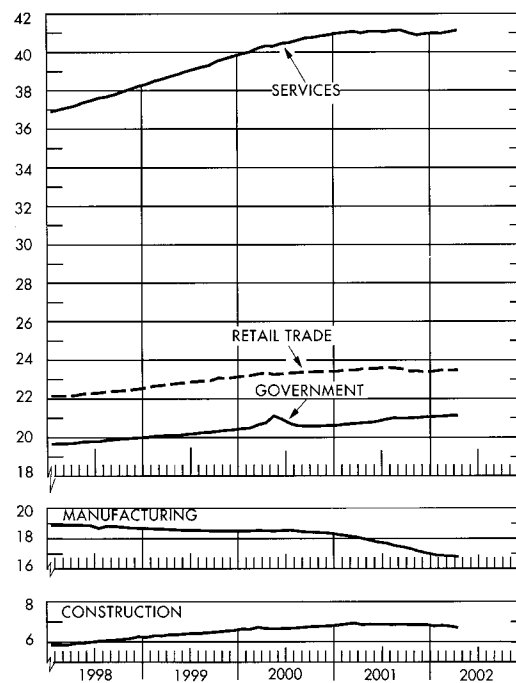
Total nonagricultural employment as measured by the payroll survey rose by 43,000 in April.

MILLIONS OF PERSONS*



* SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

MILLIONS OF PERSONS* (ENLARGED SCALE)



COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

[Thousands of wage and salary workers; ¹ monthly data seasonally adjusted]

Period	Total nonagricultural employment	Goods-producing industries					Service-producing industries							
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Total	Transportation and public utilities	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Government	
				Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods							Total	Federal
1992	108,601	23,231	4,492	18,104	10,277	7,827	85,370	5,718	5,997	19,356	6,602	29,052	18,645	2,969
1993	110,713	23,352	4,668	18,075	10,221	7,854	87,361	5,811	5,981	19,773	6,757	30,197	18,841	2,915
1994	114,163	23,908	4,986	18,321	10,448	7,873	90,256	5,984	6,162	20,507	6,896	31,579	19,128	2,870
1995	117,191	24,265	5,160	18,524	10,683	7,841	92,925	6,132	6,378	21,187	6,806	33,117	19,305	2,822
1996	119,608	24,493	5,418	18,495	10,789	7,706	95,115	6,253	6,482	21,597	6,911	34,454	19,419	2,757
1997	122,690	24,962	5,691	18,675	11,010	7,665	97,727	6,408	6,648	21,966	7,109	36,040	19,557	2,699
1998	125,865	25,414	6,020	18,805	11,205	7,600	100,451	6,611	6,800	22,295	7,389	37,533	19,823	2,686
1999	128,916	25,507	6,415	18,552	11,111	7,441	103,409	6,834	6,911	22,848	7,555	39,055	20,206	2,669
2000	131,759	25,709	6,698	18,469	11,138	7,331	106,050	7,019	7,024	23,307	7,560	40,460	20,681	2,777
2001	132,213	25,122	6,861	17,698	10,638	7,060	107,092	7,070	7,014	23,488	7,624	41,024	20,873	2,616
2001: Apr	132,489	25,421	6,852	18,009	10,870	7,139	107,068	7,119	7,053	23,530	7,626	40,993	20,747	2,615
May	132,530	25,324	6,881	17,879	10,778	7,101	107,206	7,130	7,038	23,546	7,644	41,078	20,770	2,612
June	132,431	25,186	6,864	17,757	10,692	7,065	107,245	7,118	7,022	23,561	7,631	41,085	20,828	2,621
July	132,449	25,122	6,867	17,688	10,624	7,064	107,327	7,108	7,017	23,606	7,618	41,046	20,932	2,626
Aug	132,395	24,963	6,861	17,533	10,523	7,010	107,432	7,082	7,010	23,583	7,623	41,129	21,005	2,622
Sept	132,230	24,888	6,871	17,448	10,460	6,988	107,342	7,070	6,988	23,536	7,633	41,134	20,981	2,627
Oct	131,782	24,746	6,852	17,325	10,363	6,962	107,036	7,016	6,971	23,422	7,634	40,995	20,998	2,625
Nov	131,427	24,577	6,851	17,159	10,240	6,919	106,850	6,952	6,941	23,424	7,638	40,889	21,006	2,607
Dec	131,321	24,453	6,850	17,039	10,158	6,881	106,868	6,915	6,938	23,365	7,632	40,957	21,061	2,615
2002: Jan	131,212	24,273	6,787	16,923	10,048	6,875	106,939	6,898	6,933	23,408	7,638	40,992	21,070	2,607
Feb ^r	131,208	24,242	6,815	16,869	10,018	6,851	106,966	6,895	6,917	23,466	7,626	40,977	21,085	2,608
Mar ^r	131,187	24,159	6,774	16,831	9,988	6,843	107,028	6,881	6,911	23,452	7,616	41,049	21,119	2,605
Apr ^p	131,230	24,068	6,695	16,812	9,987	6,825	107,162	6,886	6,910	23,475	7,634	41,136	21,121	2,605

¹ Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the Armed Forces. Total in this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force, shown on p. 11, which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes, bad weather, etc., even if they are not paid for the time off; and which are based on a sample

of the working-age population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments. In the series shown here, persons who work at more than one job are counted each time they appear on a payroll, in contrast to the series shown on p. 11, where persons are counted only once—as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

² Includes mining, not shown separately.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.